## Newport Girls' High School



## Y7-11 Learning Overview

Subject: English Lead Teacher: Ms Lord Year: 8

## Curriculum organisation

Students are taught in mixed groups of 30 for three hours per week. They are not grouped by ability.

Overview of Topics & Key Information					
Term	Unit(s) of Work	Key Enquiry Questions	Key Content/ Terminology	Skills developed	• Whole class discussion
Autumn Term	<ul> <li>Writing to express a viewpoint. [AUT1]</li> <li>Myths and legends [AUT2]</li> <li>The Gothic (writing) [AUT2]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How do writers construct convincing arguments?</li> <li>Why are speeches powerful methods of communication?</li> <li>How can I apply the features of writing to express a viewpoint in my own work?</li> <li>What are the conventions of myths, legends and the gothic?</li> </ul>	Rhetorical devices and approaches:     e.g. pathos, logos and ethos.     Literary terminology.  Students are typically issued with a knowledge organiser at the start of the sequence which includes details of key content and terminology.	How to analyse and use rhetorical devices     Spoken language / public speaking skills     Inference and deduction.	<ul> <li>Pair and group work</li> <li>Written activities</li> <li>Reading activities</li> <li>Watching short video clips</li> <li>Research tasks</li> </ul>
Spring Term	The Gothic (reading) [SP1]  A Midsummer Night's Dream by William Shakespeare [SP2]	<ul> <li>How do writers use genre conventions in their work?</li> <li>How does Shakespeare contrast the worlds of the fairies, actors and nobles?</li> <li>How does Shakespeare use language and dramatic devices for impact?</li> </ul>	Characterisation     Setting     Key contextual terminology relating to the set texts.     Students are typically issued with a knowledge organiser at the start of the sequence which includes details of key content and terminology. The list above includes just a few examples.	Inference and deduction     Literary analysis     Analysis of character and setting.	
Summer Term	Speculative Fiction. [SU1]     Poetry through the Ages. [SU2]	<ul> <li>What are the conventions of speculative fiction?</li> <li>How do writers use literary devices and conventions to engage their readers?</li> <li>How has poetry changed through the ages?</li> <li>How does poetry reflect the time period in which it was written?</li> </ul>	Literary devices:     e.g. adjectives,     imagery.     Literary/linguistic     periods: e.g., Old     English, Middle     English.     Students are typically issued     with a knowledge organiser     at the start of the sequence     which includes details of key     content and terminology. The     list above includes just a few     examples.	Inference and deduction.     Literary analysis.     Using context to illuminate texts.     Developing understanding of earlier versions of the English language.	

Equipment needed for lessons	How will learning and progress be assessed?	
<ul> <li>Standard school stationery</li> <li>Exercise book</li> <li>Current allocated reading book</li> <li>Any set texts (e.g. copies of novel or plays) that have been issued for the current unit of work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>End of sequence assessments (skills and knowledge)</li> <li>Formal assessment week (May)</li> <li>Peer and self-assessment</li> <li>Homework tasks (often research or project based)</li> <li>Retrieval practice activities</li> <li>Notes checks.</li> </ul>	

Extension & Enrichment opportunities	What can you do to support your child?		
<ul> <li>Literary Society (lunchtime club).</li> <li>Drama Club / School Production</li> <li>Theatre trips such as the Stafford Shakespeare Festival.</li> <li>Regular opportunities to enter school, local and national creative writing competitions e.g. NGHS annual poetry competition, BBC 500 Words and the annual Ironbridge creative writing competition.</li> <li>Opportunities to participate in the House Drama competition.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Encourage your child to read widely and regularly, making use of the reading lists provided and book recommendation websites such as 'goodreads'.</li> <li>Encourage your child to read/watch/listen to the news on a daily basis.</li> <li>Watching/listening to programming on BBC 4 and BBC Radio 4/4 Extra on literature, language and the arts, such as 'Poetry Please', in order to build cultural capital.</li> </ul>		

Inclusion	Inclusion within Y8 English	
<ul> <li>Teachers follow student passports to ensure that the needs of all students with SEND are met.</li> <li>Work is enlarged to the necessary size for visually impaired students.</li> <li>Teachers will ensure that classrooms are quiet learning environments where possible and will dim lights to support students with sensory needs.</li> <li>Students have the use of laptop if they have a SEND need whereby use of a laptop supports them.</li> <li>Hearing impaired students are supported through use a radio aid and teachers ensure that students can lip read at all times during lessons.</li> <li>Dyslexic students are encouraged to use coloured overlays when they are required to read long passages.</li> <li>Use of dyslexic friendly fonts and coloured backgrounds used in PowerPoints/resources.</li> <li>Students with ADHD are given movement breaks, fidget toys and lessons are 'chunked' to aid concentration.</li> <li>Students are seated according to their needs, students work with the SENDCo to decide upon this.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>We include diverse voices, perspectives and identities in our curriculum, including writers with/who had disabilities, such as Sue Townsend.</li> <li>Within English, students are encouraged to think about their own experiences and how these intersect with the intellectual material they encounter.</li> <li>Dyslexic students are provided with knowledge organisers for each topic in order to have reference to key terminology and definitions.</li> <li>All teachers employ inclusive pedagogy so not just what they teach but how they teach is inclusive through a variety of delivery techniques (place mats with instructions/ step-by-step guides, mind maps, multiple choice questions) and assessment design which contributes to the achievement of all pupils (e.g. use of model examples and scaffolded sentence starters/essay frames).</li> <li>Use of visual and audio cues to support processing of written text.</li> <li>Key words/subject vocabulary displayed on classroom walls to aid memory in addition to the use of mnemonics/acronyms.</li> </ul>	

If you have any questions about this Learning Overview, please contact the named Teacher above.